

hcron

A Periodic Command Scheduler

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hcron

- An easier way to manage scheduled command execution, today!
- What you didn't know you were missing with `cron`

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What Is Right with crontab

- Allows one to execute commands at specific times
- Simple to use
- Text-based
- Ubiquitous

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What Is Wrong with crontab

- Difficult to manage
 - Everything is in one file
 - Minimal/unhelpful structure/organization for humans
- Difficult to edit
 - Table format
 - Not extensible
 - Often requires human, rather than automated, processing

hcron Principles

- The filesystem as work area and organizing tool
- One event per file
- Attribute-oriented
- Network-oriented
- Extensible
- Automation-friendly

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hcron Configuration (User Perspective)

- User restriction
- Localhost restriction
- Command spawn timeout
- Limit of events per user

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.hcron Hierarchy

- Everything lives at `~/.hcron` (unless otherwise indicated)
- Segregated by fully qualified hostname: `~/.hcron/<fqHostName>`
- Tree provides/encourages "meaningful" structure
 - Directories are containers
 - Files are event definitions
 - Names tag/identify

.hcron Hierarchy (2)

```
~/  
.hcron/  
<fqHostName>/  
    events/  
        machine_checks/  
            uno  
            duo  
            trio  
        stats_updates/  
            personal/  
                bobby  
                mary  
            group/  
                red  
                green
```

Event Definition

- Corresponds to `crontab` line
- Plain text file
- Line-oriented
- Blank lines and comments (starting with #) ignored
- `name=value` format
- Created using `hcron-event`

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Event Definition Template

Required attributes:

```
as_user=
host=
command=
notify_email=
notify_message=
when_month=
when_day=
when_hour=
when_minute=
when_dow=
```

Event Definition Example

Purpose: Append "hello world" to a file, every 10 minutes, and send an email notification.

```
as_user=
host=mymachine.xyz
command=echo "hello world" >> /tmp/hello
notify_email=myself@xyz
notify_msg=Message sent!
when_month=*
when_day=*
when_hour=*
when_minute=0,10,20,30,40,50
when_dow=*
```

Commands

- `hcron-conv` - convert crontab to hcron event files
- `hcron-event` - create and edit hcron event definition files
- `hcron-info` - prints hcron related information
- `hcron-reload` - signal `hcron-scheduler` to reload user hcron event definition files
- `hcron-scheduler` - server which schedules and executes hcron events (admin only)

Commands - hcron-conv

- Simple first step for straight conversion
- Not necessarily lossless
- Comments are kept with next command
- Convert from crontab

```
hcron-conv --to-events [options] <hostName> <crontabPath>  
<dirPath>
```

- Convert to crontab

```
hcron-conv --to-crontab [options] <crontabPath> <dirPath>
```

Commands - hcron-conv Example

crontab line:

```
* * * * * ssh hype.cmc.ec.gc.ca echo "hello"
```

Event file:

```
as_user=
host=hype.cmc.ec.gc.ca
command=echo "hello"
notify_email=
notify_message=
when_month=*
when_day=*
when_hour=*
when_minute=*
when_dow=*
template_name=
```

Commands - hcron-event

- Provides template for new event files
- Invokes editor (uses `EDITOR` if available)
- Non-interactive create (`-c`)
- Queries for reload by default
- Reload may be forced (`-y`) or bypassed (`-n`)

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Commands - hcron-reload

- Reload **required** to signal hcron-scheduler
 - Occurs at minute interval
- All event files reloaded
- Event list status updated (see `hcron-info -es`)
- Useful when updating multiple event files or automated use

Commands - hcron-info

- Check if you are allowed by hcron (`--allowed`)
- Check fully qualified hostname (`--fqdn`)
- Print status of each event file loaded (`-es`)
 - Useful for debugging

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Commands - hcron-info - Event Lists

- User-specific
- Format: <status>:<reason>:<eventPath>
 - <status> is "accepted" or "rejected"
 - <reason> is possible reason for being rejected
 - <eventPath> is the full path of the event file

Commands - hcron-info - Event Lists Example

Example:

```
rejected:bad definition:bad_event
rejected:bad definition:chain0/a
accepted::chain0/b
accepted::chain0/c
accepted::chain0/failed
rejected:bad definition:mail_on_the_even_minutes
rejected:bad definition:mail_on_the_minute
rejected:bad definition:mail_on_the_minute_at_19h
rejected:bad definition:mail_on_the_three_minutes
rejected:bad definition:say_hello
```

Log File - hcron.log

- /var/log/hcron/hcron.log
- Provides tracking
 - **All** events are logged
 - Timestamped
 - Userstamped
 - Processing time
 - Typed: message, load-events, start, work, sleep, execute, discard-events, notify-email, chain-events

Advanced Topics

★ Not available with cron

- One-time events
- Event chaining
- Variable substitution
- Template events

One-time Events

- `when_year` attribute
 - Not **required** in event definition
 - Default/implied: `when_year=*`
 - Range: 2000-2050
- Use cases:
 - Notification
 - Automated event creation for non-recurring operations

Event Chaining

- Works according to event "execution" results
 - Success: command executes
 - Failure: command fails to execute
 - E.g., Downed host, password/passphrase required
- Multiple events can be chained together using `next_event`
 - a → b → c ...
- Failover/fallback events can be activated using `failover_event`
 - a → alt_b → c

Event Chaining Example

Example:

```
as_user=
host=hype.cmc.ec.gc.ca
command=echo "$HCRON_EVENT_NAME" >> ~/chain_test
notify_email=John.Marshall@ec.gc.ca
notify_message=
when_month=*
when_day=*
when_hour=*
when_minute=*
when_dow=*
next_event=step2
failover_event=failed
```

- if success execute event `step2`
- if failure execute event `failed`

Variable Substitution

- **Not** shell variables
- \$HCRON_HOST_NAME - the host name of the host executing hcron
- \$HCRON_EVENT_CHAIN[<index>] - :-separated list of event names in the chain (>=1)
- \$HCRON_EVENT_NAME - the full event name which consists of the path following the .../events
- \$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [<index>] - a component of \$HCRON_EVENT_NAME
- Indexing:
 - Positive **and** negative index values are allowed
 - Index of 0 is the first element
 - Index of -1 is the last element

Variable Substitution Example

Purpose: Birthday reminder.

Event file:

```
as_user=
host=mymachine.xyz
command=date
notify_email=bob@xyz
notify_message=$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-1] was born on
$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-4]-$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-3]-$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-2]
]!
when_month=$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-3]
when_day=$HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-2]
when_hour=9
when_minute=0
when_dow=*
```

Variable Substitution Example (2)

Tree (paths condensed):

```
~/.hcron/hcron1.cmc.ec.gc.ca/events/
  birthdays/
    US_Presidents/
      1732/02/22/George_Washington
    stooges/
      1987/06/19/Moe_Howard
      1902/10/05/Larry_Fine
      1903/01/18/Curly_Howard
    friends/
      1978/10/23/marty
```

Variable Substitution Example (3)

Event file (evaluated):

```
as_user=
host=mymachine.xyz
command=date
notify_email=bob@xyz
notify_message=marty was born on 1978-10-23!
when_month=10
when_day=23
when_hour=9
when_minute=0
when_dow=*
```

Template Event Definition

- Allowed in the `~/.hcron` tree
- Marked by:

```
template_name=
```

- Ignored by hcron scheduler
- Especially useful when used along with variable substitution
- Symlinked to by other event files

Template Event Definition Example

Purpose: Monitor one or more log files, at 30 minute intervals.

Template event file:

```
as_user=
host=mymachine.xyz
command=. ${HOME}/.profile; ls -lad $HCRON_EVENT_NAME [-1] >>
~/log_status
notify_email=
notify_message=
when_month=*
when_day=*
when_hour=*
when_minute=0,30
when_dow=*
template_name=template_monitor_log_status
```

Template Event Definition Example (2)

Tree:

```
~/.hcron/hcron1.cmc.ec.gc.ca/events/
monitoring/
    template_monitor_log_status
        syslog -> template_monitor_log_status
        message -> template_monitor_log_status
        auth -> template_monitor_log_status
```

Template Event Definition Example (3)

Template event file (evaluated for syslog):

```
as_user=
host=mymachine.xyz
command=. ${HOME}/.profile; ls -lad syslog >> ~/log_status
notify_email=
notify_message=
when_month=*
when_day=*
when_hour=*
when_minute=0,30
when_dow=*
template_name=template_monitor_log_status
```

Template Definition Example (Birthdays)

★ One template, multiple symlinks.

Tree (paths condensed):

```
~/.hcron/hcron1cmc.ec.gc.ca/events/
  birthdays/
    template_birthday
    US_Presidents/
      1732/02/22/George_Washington -> ../../..
/.../template_birthday
  stooges/
    1987/06/19/Moe_Howard -> ../../../../template_birthday
    1902/10/05/Larry_Fine -> ../../../../../../template_birthday
    1903/01/18/Curly_Howard -> ../../../../../../template_birthday
  friends/
    1978/10/23/marty -> ../../../../../../template_birthday
```

Servers and Support

- hcron Servers
 - cron-dev1.cmc.ec.gc.ca - running v0.8
 - hcron1.cmc.ec.gc.ca - running v0.11 (with advanced topics features)
- Support
 - Email: [!\[\]\(a41fd8cfc48b80ac8b1133d593e668a8_img.jpg\) service.hpcs@ec.gc.ca](mailto:service.hpcs@ec.gc.ca)
 - Questions and feedback welcome
 -  If you discover you are not "allowed", please tell your user representative.