

# More spread needed! — LBCs? Model errors beyond SPPT?

## Spread-error relations for the new high-resolution NWP ensemble prediction system COSMO-E

Marco Arpagaus<sup>a,b</sup>, Christina Klasa<sup>c,a</sup>, André Walser<sup>a,b</sup>, Stephanie Westerhuis<sup>c,a</sup>, and Heini Wernli<sup>c,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Federal Office of Meteorology and Climatology MeteoSwiss, Switzerland; <sup>b</sup> Center for Climate Systems Modeling (C2SM), Switzerland; <sup>c</sup> Institute for Atmospheric and Climate Science, ETH Zurich, Switzerland

### Conclusions

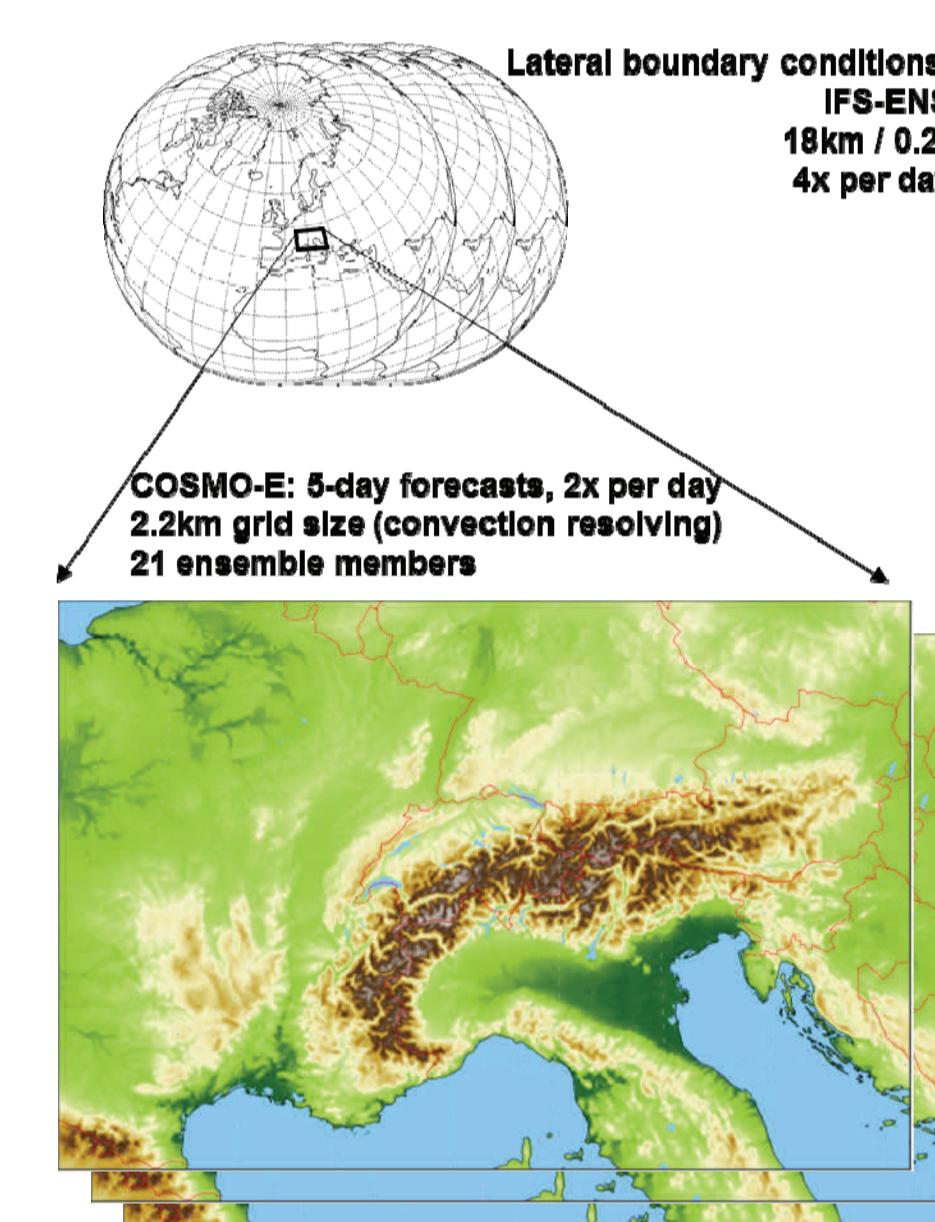
- COSMO-E is moderately overconfident / underdispersive.
- Lack of ensemble spread is most pronounced for winter or strong synoptic forcing, for the lower troposphere, for short lead-times, and for humidity and temperature.
- For longer lead-times and the upper troposphere the ensemble spread matches the forecast error fairly well.
- Stochastic Perturbation of Physical Tendencies (SPPT) scheme significantly increases the ensemble spread especially in the lower troposphere in summer; impact of SPPT on forecast errors (BIAS, STDE, and RMSE) is small but mostly reducing errors.
- Largest contribution to SPPT is from the PBL / turbulence parameterization scheme.

### Outlook & Questions

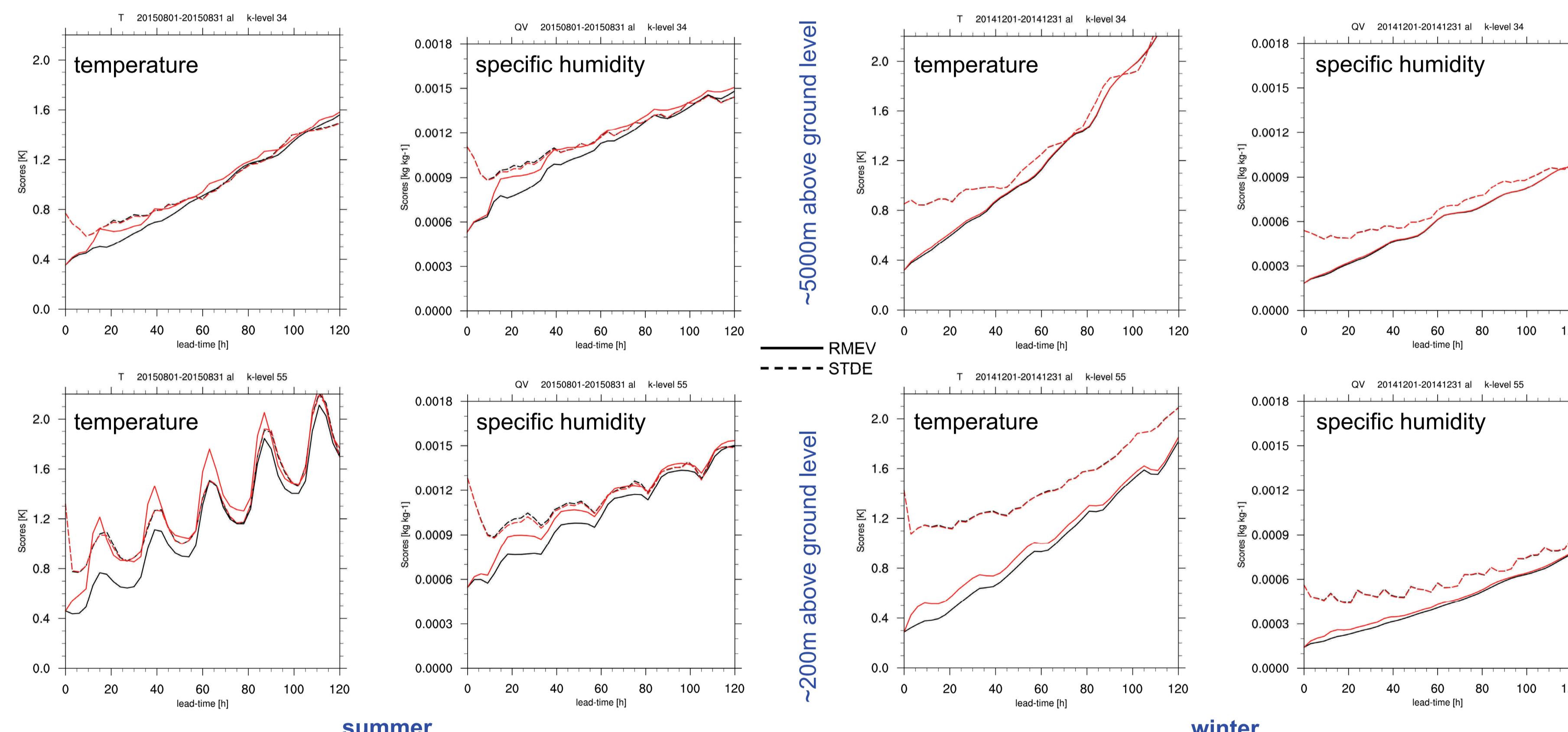
- How can the ensemble spread be further increased, especially in the lower troposphere and for strong synoptic forcing?
- Are lateral boundary conditions from IFS-ENS underdispersive, especially for short lead-times?
- How should processes be perturbed that are explicitly simulated by the model (i.e., not through a parameterization scheme, like, e.g., convection) as models become higher resolved (and hence more explicit)?

### COSMO-E, operational at MeteoSwiss since May 2016

- High-resolution NWP ensemble prediction system for the Alpine area
  - convection-resolving resolution (2.2km mesh-size); 21 members; runs twice a day up to +120h
  - Initial conditions (ICs) from ensemble data assimilation system (LETKF)
  - Lateral boundary conditions (LBCs) from IFS-ENS
- Perturbations
  - ICs: from ensemble data assimilation (LETKF; first 20 out of 40 members)
  - LBCs: from IFS-ENS (ctrl plus first 20 out of 50 members)
  - Model errors: Stochastic Perturbation of Physical Tendencies (SPPT)



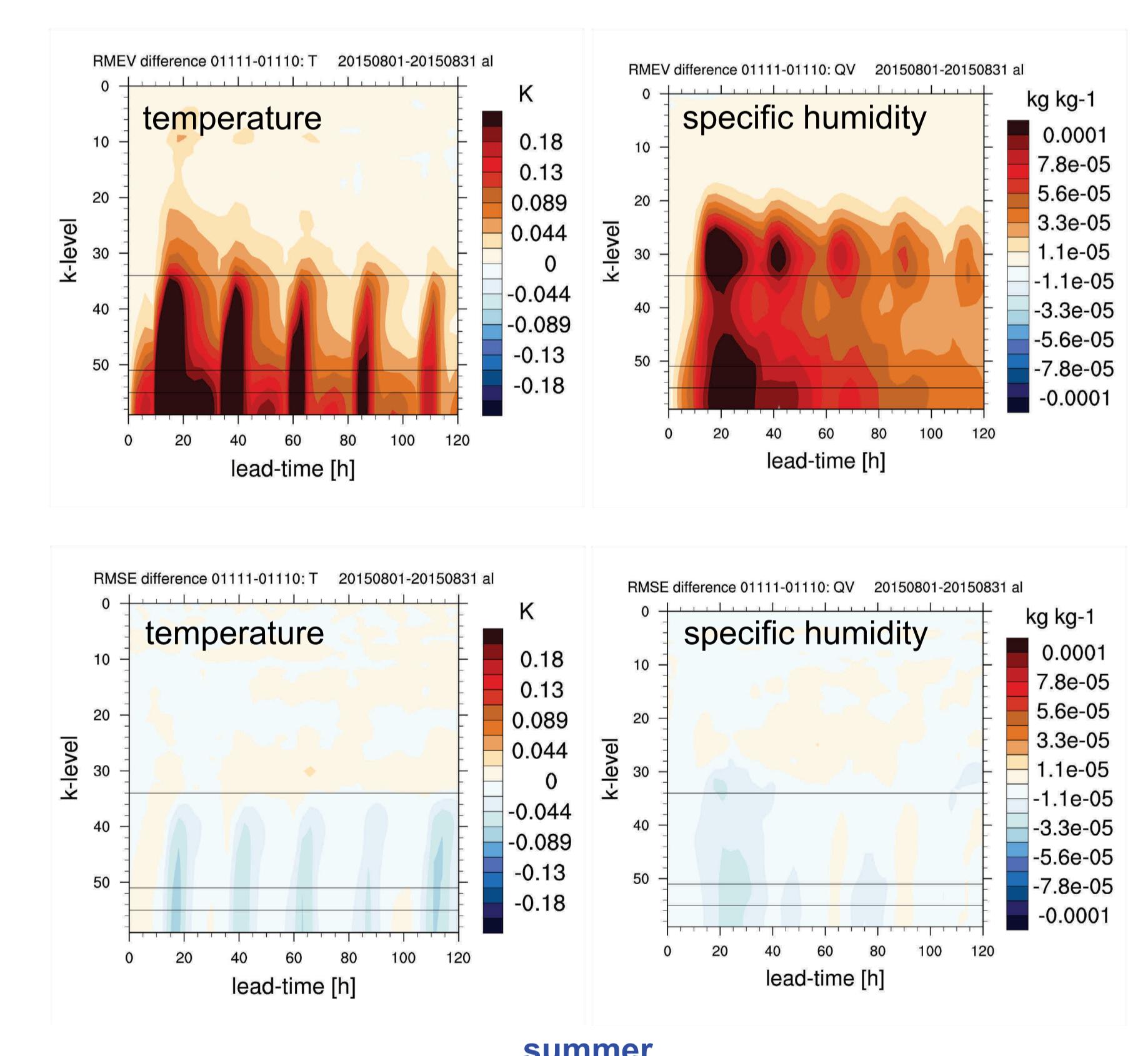
### SPPT experiments for Aug 2015 and Dec 2014



Domain averaged spread (RMEV, full line) and error (STDE, dashed line) as a function of lead-time for temperature and specific humidity against a deterministic analysis for two COSMO-E experiments with the SPPT scheme switched off (black) and on (red). Top (bottom) row shows scores for a model level in the upper troposphere (lower troposphere), left (right) two columns scores for summer (winter).

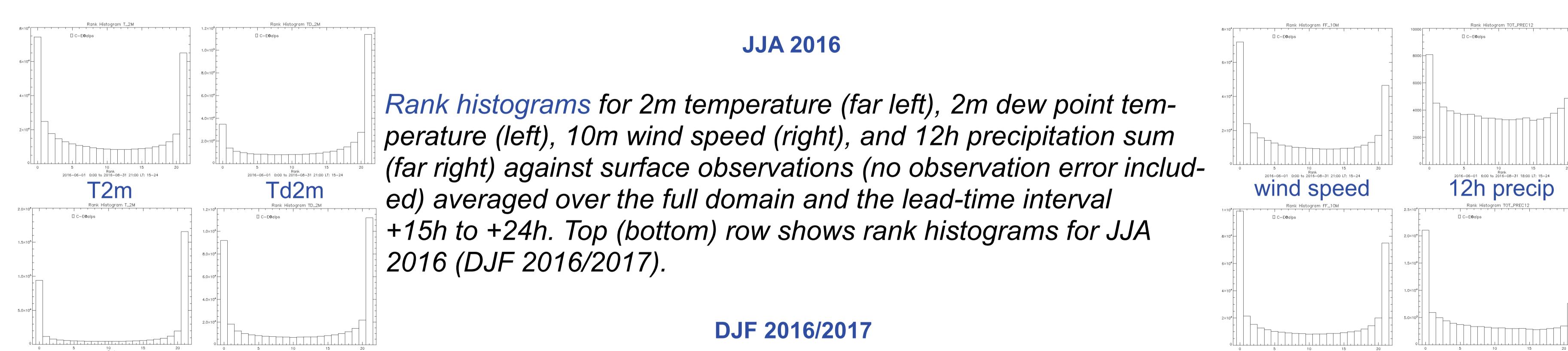
### SPPT experiments

- COSMO-E, setup as used for operations (left), except for the initial conditions: ICs and IC perturbations for the atmosphere from downscaled IFS-ENS. For the soil, ICs from a deterministic COSMO-E analysis based on the nudging scheme; no IC perturbations for the soil.
- SPPT switched off vs SPPT switched on. SPPT settings (same as used for operations):
  - random numbers with  $\sigma=1.0$  but limited to  $\pm 0.8$
  - spatial / temporal correlation length:  $5^\circ$  / 6hrs
  - no tapering in the boundary layer



Difference of domain averaged spread ( $\Delta RMEV$ , top row) and full error ( $\Delta RMSE$ , bottom row) as a function of lead-time and model level for temperature and specific humidity against a deterministic analysis for COSMO-E experiments with the SPPT scheme switched on and off, respectively.

### Seasonal verification for JJA 2016 and DJF 2016/2017



### References

- Klasa, C., Arpagaus, M., Walser, A., and Wernli, H., 2017a: "An evaluation of the convection-permitting ensemble COSMO-E for three contrasting precipitation events in Switzerland", submitted to QJRMS  
Klasa, C., Arpagaus, M., Walser, A., and Wernli, H., 2017b: "Scale dependency of model and boundary condition error" (tentative title), in preparation  
Westerhuis, S., 2016: "Ensemble member selection for COSMO-E initial and boundary conditions", Master thesis, downloadable from <http://www.gl.ethz.ch/people/person-detail.html?persid=171208>

### Ongoing work

- Case studies for different large-scale forcing situations (Klasa et al., 2017a).
- Sensitivity studies with modified perturbations at the lateral boundaries (Klasa et al., 2017b).
- Operational implementation of optimised selection of lateral boundary conditions (Westerhuis, 2016).